India (IN)







Last Modified : 07/12/2023 12:07 Country/Customs territory information is posted based on reports and notifications gathered from National Guaranteeing Associations and public sectors, the ATA Secretariat tries its best to make the data upto-date, but ICC, in any case, is not liable for the accuracy of the content posted

National Guaranteeing Association

Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry

Date of accession to the ATA system

15/08/1990

Field of application notified

ATA Convention

"Exhibitions and Fairs" Convention

As per notification no. 58/2016-Cus dated 5 October 2016, the requirement of the approval of the Government of India or of ITPO for the events specified in Schedule II of notification no. 157/90 has been waived off.

Territorial coverage

National territory

Other applications

ATA Carnets are not accepted for transit operations

ATA Carnets are not accepted for postal traffic.

Temporary admission operations under national laws and regulations

Professional equipment meant for press/media, television broadcasting, sporting events, testing/measuring/calibration etc. can be temporarily imported into India under the cover of ATA Carnets. (notification no. 4/2018 – Customs dated 18 January 2018) http://www.cbic.gov.in/Customs-Notifications or https://taxinformation.cbic.gov.in/view-pdf/1000412/ENG/Notifications

Languages in which Carnets should be completed

English

Replacement carnet

As per Article 11 of ATA Convention, Indian Customs will accept, at the request of the issuing association, a replacement document in the case of destruction, loss or theft of an ATA Carnet while the goods to which it refers are on the Indian Customs territory provided that the validity of the replacement Carnet will expire on the same date as that of the Carnet which it replaces. The goods cannot remain in India beyond the maximum allowed period of 12 months from the date of import.

Regularization fee requested by Customs

No

Customs offices

New Delhi (National Capital Territory of Delhi - North India) Mumbai (Maharashtra - West India) Chennai (Tamil Nadu - South India) Kolkata (West Bengal - East India) Cochin (Kerala - South India) Bangalore (Karnataka - South India) Ahmedabad (Gujarat - West India) Hyderabad - ICD (Andhra Pradesh - South India) Dadri -Noida - ICD (Uttar Pradesh – North India) Goa Airport – ICD Jaipur (Rajasthan – Northern India) Monday to Friday from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Special observations

(1) Appointment of a Forwarding agent in India

If ATA Carnet holders wish to appoint a forwarding agent in India, it is advisable that the name of the Indian forwarding agent be mentioned in Box B of the front cover of the ATA Carnet.

(2) Submission of proof of re-export to the concerned port of import:

If the port of import of carnet goods is different from the port of reexport, it is recommended for carnet holders to forward the proof of re-export to the concerned port of import to avoid unnecessary claims from the Indian customs. This is due to the manual operation of ATA Carnet transactions by the Indian customs and it can be followed if it is possible to do so.

(3) Period of re-exportation from India

Goods for exhibitions and fairs: 6 months

Professional equipment: 2 months

If holders would want their goods to remain in India longer than the period specified, they should obtain approval, therefore (1) from the Customs office of import; (2) before the original period has expired. Failing such approval within the due period, duties, taxes and interests would become payable.